Plant & Animal Source Based Functional Foods

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Plant Derived Functional Foods

Plant based functional foods are separated into:

Primary metabolites: These include plant proteins, β -glucans and omega-3 fatty acids.

Secondary metabolites: These include phytoestrogens, antioxidants, vitamins, tocopherols, steroids, gamma-linolenic acid (GLA), and phase II enzyme inducers (found in Brassica vegetables, acts as functional foods by glycosylating insoluble toxins to produce soluble compounds that are excreted).

Animal-Derived Functional Foods

Animal derived functional foods are:

Zoochemicals: Animal- derived functional foods, include omega-3 & 6 fatty acids, conjugated linolenic acid(CLA), small peptides, whey & casein and glucosamine.

 $\dot{\omega}$ -3 fatty acids includes alpha linolenic, DHA & EPA fatty acids.

Microbial Functional Foods

Microbial-derived functional foods includes:

- **Probiotics** are living micro organisms administered in sufficient number to survive in the intestinal ecosystem. eg. *L. casei* or *Bifidobacter* species, which promote health
- **Prebiotics** are dietary components that promote growth of probiotic bacteria.
- **Synbiotics** contain specific probiotics and prebiotics mixed together to benefit one another.

Miscellaneous Functional Foods

- Some functional foods are derived from Miscellaneous compounds are:
- **Algae** function by providing omega-3 fatty acids, which enhance immunity, modulate inflammation & protect against neurodegenerative diseases.
- **Mushrooms:** Functional foods derived from mushrooms contain antiviral, antibacterial and anti-inflammatory properties.

Genetic Engineering & Functional Foods

Genetic engineering of crops through gene transfer offers great potential for developing health-enhancing properties in foods.

These enhancements has included improving fatty acid profiles in oil seed crops, modification of protein quality of potato and anti oxidant content in different crops. **Examples** of genetically modified crops with health promoting properties:

Substance	Benefit	Crop	Transgene
Provitamin A	Anti-oxidant vitamin A supplement	Rice	Phytoene synthase (Daffodil); phytoene desaturase (Erwinia)
Flavonoids	Anti oxidant	Tomato	Chalcone isomerase (Petunia)
Iron	Iron supplement	Rice	Ferritin (Phaseolus); Phytase (mutant, Aspergillus)